REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE SPENCER COUNTY SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2007 TAXES

For The Period May 6, 2007 Through May 3, 2008



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE SPENCER COUNTY SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2007 TAXES

For The Period May 6, 2007 Through May 3, 2008

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Sheriff's Settlement - 2007 Taxes for the Spencer County Sheriff for the period May 6, 2007 through May 3, 2008. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statement is presented fairly in all material respects.

Financial Condition:

The Sheriff collected taxes of \$8,364,557 for the districts for 2007 taxes, retaining commissions of \$281,419 to operate the Sheriff's office. The Sheriff distributed taxes of \$8,062,332 to the districts for 2007 taxes. Taxes of \$5 are due to the districts from the Sheriff and refunds of \$3,118 are due to the Sheriff from the taxing districts.

Report Comment:

• The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Deposits:

The Sheriff's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable David Jenkins, Spencer County Judge/Executive
Honorable Steve Coulter, Spencer County Sheriff
Members of the Spencer County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the Spencer County Sheriff's Settlement - 2007 Taxes for the period May 6, 2007 through May 3, 2008. This tax settlement is the responsibility of the Spencer County Sheriff. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Sheriff's Tax Settlements issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the Sheriff's office prepares the financial statement on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the Spencer County Sheriff's taxes charged, credited, and paid for the period May 6, 2007 through May 3, 2008, in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2008 on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable David Jenkins, Spencer County Judge/Executive
Honorable Steve Coulter, Spencer County Sheriff
Members of the Spencer County Fiscal Court

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comment and recommendation, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

• The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

December 12, 2008

SPENCER COUNTY STEVE COULTER, SHERIFF SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT – 2007 TAXES

For The Period May 6, 2007 Through May 3, 2008

Special

Charges	Co	unty Taxes	Taxing Districts	School Taxes	State Taxes
Real Estate	\$	819,925	\$ 1,531,208	\$ 4,863,646	\$ 1,155,349
	Ф	13,588	\$ 1,531,208 45,862	\$ 4,803,040 59,654	
Tangible Personal Property Fire Protection		15,566 441	43,602	39,034	41,821
		537	819	3,186	757
Increases Through Exonerations Franchise Taxes			83,317		131
		25,439 34	65	111,948 186	69
Additional Billings					
Penalties		5,635	10,592	33,313	8,055
Adjusted to Sheriff's Receipt		(4)	1,679	1	
Gross Chargeable to Sheriff		865,595	1,673,542	5,071,934	1,206,051
Credits					
Exonerations		4,446	8,291	26,354	6,286
Discounts		13,276	25,085	78,508	18,878
Delinquents:					
Real Estate		13,333	25,053	79,086	18,787
Tangible Personal Property		2,356	8,205	10,300	7,692
Franchise Taxes		12,435	39,649	54,545	
Total Credits		45,846	106,283	248,793	51,643
Taxes Collected		819,749	1,567,259	4,823,141	1,154,408
Less: Commissions *		35,127	52,248	144,694	49,350
		, ,			
Taxes Due		784,622	1,515,011	4,678,447	1,105,058
Taxes Paid		782,534	1,511,085	4,665,625	1,103,088
Refunds (Current and Prior Year)		2,317	4,233	13,655	3,714
,			<u> </u>		
Due Districts or			**		
(Refunds Due Sheriff)	\$	(229)	\$ (307)	\$ (833)	\$ (1,744)

^{*} And ** See Next Page

SPENCER COUNTY STEVE COULTER, SHERIFF SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2007 TAXES For The Period May 6, 2007 Through May 3, 2008 (Continued)

* Commissions:

10% on \$ 10,000 4.25% on \$ 3,089,550 4% on \$ 4,823,141 1% on \$ 441,866

** Special Taxing Districts:

Library District	\$ (73)
Health District	(105)
Extension District	(82)
Soil Conservation	5
Watershed District	(24)
Spencer County Fire District	(28)

Due Districts or

(Refunds Due Sheriff) \$ (307)

SPENCER COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

May 3, 2008

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

The Sheriff's office tax collection duties are limited to acting as an agent for assessed property owners and taxing districts. A fund is used to account for the collection and distribution of taxes. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement has been prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting. Basis of accounting refers to when charges, credits, and taxes paid are reported in the settlement statement. It relates to the timing of measurements regardless of the measurement focus.

Charges are sources of revenue which are recognized in the tax period in which they become available and measurable. Credits are reductions of revenue which are recognized when there is proper authorization. Taxes paid are uses of revenue which are recognized when distributions are made to the taxing districts and others.

C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the Sheriff's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Deposits

The Spencer County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the Sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

SPENCER COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT May 3, 2008 (Continued)

Note 2. Deposits (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the Sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The Spencer County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of May 3, 2008, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Tax Collection Period

The real and personal property tax assessments were levied as of January 1, 2007. Property taxes were billed to finance governmental services for the year ended June 30, 2008. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was October 13, 2007 through May 3, 2008.

Note 4. Interest Income

The Spencer County Sheriff earned \$13,786 as interest income on 2007 taxes. As of December 12, 2008, the Sheriff owed \$2,877 in interest to the school district and \$6,076 in interest to his fee account.

Note 5. Sheriff's 10% Add-On Fee

The Spencer County Sheriff collected \$44,719 of 10% add-on fees allowed by KRS 134.430(3). This amount was used to operate the Sheriff's office.

Note 6. Advertising Fees

The Spencer County Sheriff collected \$1,325 of advertising fees allowed by KRS 424.330(1) and KRS 134.440(2). The Sheriff used advertising fees to operate the Sheriff's office.

Note 7. Unrefundable Duplicate Payments And Unexplained Receipts

According to KRS 393.090, property is presumed abandoned after three years, after which time the funds should be turned over to the Kentucky State Treasurer in accordance with KRS 393.110. For the 2005 taxes, the Sheriff had \$3,744 in unrefundable duplicate payments and unexplained revenues as of May 3, 2008. For the 2006 taxes, the Sheriff had \$1,644 in unrefundable duplicate payments and unexplained revenues as of May 3, 2008. For the 2007 taxes, the Sheriff had \$2,571 in unrefundable duplicate payments and unexplained revenues as of May 3, 2008 after final settlement with all districts based on the audit.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable David Jenkins, Spencer County Judge/Executive Honorable Steve Coulter, Spencer County Sheriff Members of the Spencer County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the Spencer County Sheriff's Settlement - 2007 Taxes for the period May 6, 2007 through May 3, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2008. The Sheriff prepares his financial statement in accordance with a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Spencer County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Spencer County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Spencer County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statement that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control over financial reporting. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying comment and recommendation to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statement will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiency that are also considered to be material weakness. However, we consider the significant deficiency described above to be a material weakness.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Spencer County Sheriff's Settlement – 2007 Taxes for the period May 6, 2007 through May 3, 2008, is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

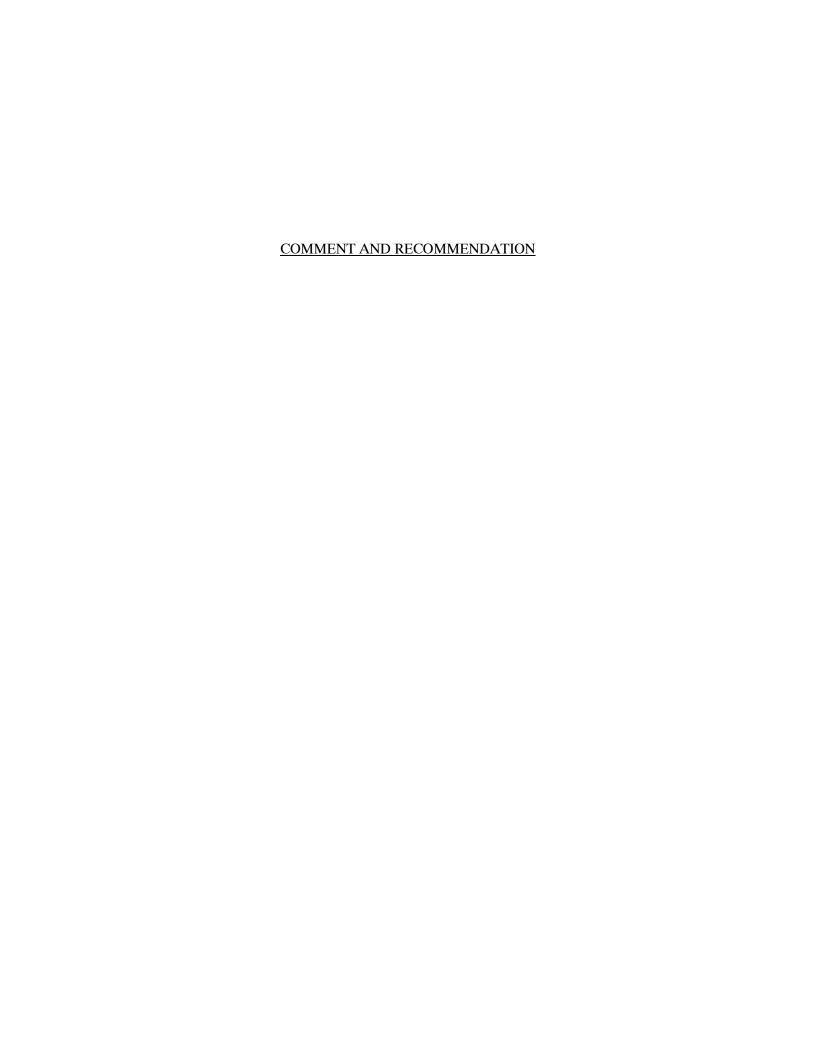
This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Spencer County Fiscal Court, and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

December 12, 2008



SPENCER COUNTY STEVE COULTER, SHERIFF COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

For The Period May 6, 2007 Through May 3, 2008

INTERNAL CONTROL - SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY AND MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

The bookkeeper prepares the daily bank deposit and checkout sheet and then posts items to the receipts ledger. The bookkeeper prepares the quarterly financial report that is agreed to the receipts and disbursement ledgers. The bookkeeper also prepares checks for all disbursements and posts them to the disbursements ledger. The Sheriff signs all checks. Good internal controls dictate that the same employee should not handle, record, and reconcile receipts and disbursements. We recommend the Sheriff implement procedures to strengthen internal controls over receipts and disbursements such as:

- Bank reconciliation prepared monthly and agreed to the receipts and disbursements ledgers
 by an individual who has no access to accounting records, does no makes deposits, does
 not sign checks.
- The Sheriff should periodically compare a daily bank deposit to the daily checkout sheet and then compare the daily checkout sheet to the receipts ledger. Any differences should be reconciled. The Sheriff could document this by initialing the bank deposit, daily checkout sheet, and receipts ledger.
- The Sheriff should compare monthly tax reports to the receipts and disbursements ledgers for accuracy. Any differences should be reconciled. The Sheriff could document this by initialing the monthly tax reports.
- The Sheriff should periodically compare the bank reconciliation to the balance in the checkbook. Any differences should be reconciled. The Sheriff could document this by initialing the bank reconciliation and the balance in the checkbook.

Sheriff's Response: None.